

RESOLUTION

XXI INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC AND PRACTICAL CONFERENCE "YOUTH IN THE MODERN WORLD: NEW REALITIES AND PROSPECTS"

**Participating co-organizer the Expert Council of the UNEVOC Centre in
Russian Federation, hosted by BIST**

On December 19th, 2025 the Bashkir Institute of Social Technologies (branch) of the Academy of Labor and Social Relations (Academy of Labor and Social Relations) traditionally became the international venue for the XXI International Scientific and Practical Conference "Youth in the Modern World: New Realities and Prospects." The conference was held to discuss and conduct interdisciplinary research on current youth issues in various fields and disciplines to implement youth policy as a platform for expert exchange of knowledge, ideas, experiences, and development prospects.

Within the thematic conference platforms, the organizers such as the Bashkir Institute of Social Technologies (branch) of the Academy of Labor and Social Relations, the Federation of Trade Unions of the Republic of Bashkortostan, the UNEVOC Centre in Russian Federation at BIST brought together over 50 leading Russian universities, foreign countries. The BIST Bulletin magazine, a member of the UNESCO-UNEVOC network, served as the information partner.

Young 67 researchers, scientists, the UNEVOC Centre Expert Council members spoke at different tracks of the conference.

Tanzilya Altafovna Nigmatullina, Doctor of Political Science, Director of BIST and Head of the UNEVOC Centre welcomed everybody with the opening speech.

Representatives of executive authorities, trade unions, employers, businesses, employment services and recruitment agencies, youth policy researchers and practitioners, faculty, graduate students, undergraduates, and a regional association of schools—participants of the international UNESCO Associated Schools project presented the work of five sections.

Section 1. "Youth Policy: Global Challenges and Innovations"

Moderator: T.A. Nigmatullina, Doctor of Political Science.

Section 2. "Green Economy and Sustainable Development"

Moderator: N.G. Kuramshina, Doctor of Biological Sciences, Professor, Honored Scientist of the Republic of Belarus.

Section 3. "Spiritual and Moral Values and Historical Memory"

Moderator: L.R. Munirova, Candidate of Pedagogical Sciences, Associate Professor.

Section 4. "The World of Work and the Digital Transformation of Society"

Moderators: L.R. Zagitova, Candidate of Economic Sciences, Associate Professor.

A.I. Bystrov, Candidate of Economic Sciences, Associate Professor.

Section 5. "Deviations in the Youth Environment and Their Prevention"

Moderator: R.A. Iksanov, Senior Lecturer.

Conference participants noted the relevance of the youth role in the sustainable development of the modern world. The chosen topic is actual by growing global disillusionment with the existing economic model and public fatigue from the numerous socioeconomic crises and market failures that have become increasingly frequent over the past decade.

For Russian Federation, the development of a "green" economy based on sustainable development principles should become one of the most important areas for strengthening national security, offering the opportunity to build economic strength through the innovative technologies and laying the foundation for preserving and enhancing natural resources for future generations.

Different topics have been presented on the role of education and training in a changing labor market. Digital transformation of society in these conditions received extensive discussion. Young scientists presented their works across a wide range of scientific disciplines, making significant contributions to the development of both fundamental and applied research.

The topic "Youth and Science: The 'Science to Win' Initiative of the Decade of Science and Technology in Russia 2022-2031" sparked a discussion among students from leading universities in Russia, neighboring countries and beyond.

A report by Guzel Zinnurovna Raskildina, Doctor of Chemical Sciences and Corresponding Member of the Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Bashkortostan, the youngest Doctor of Sciences in the Republic of Bashkortostan, on the topic "Creation of Low-Tollumen Products, Oils, Filter Materials, and Biocides Using Easily Accessible Petrochemical Reagents Ensuring Import Substitution and Technological Independence" generated considerable interest.

Young people are increasingly focusing on digital technologies and artificial intelligence, developing machine learning algorithms and neural networks. Young researchers are actively involved in creating new, more effective algorithms for solving problems in computer vision, natural language processing, forecasting, and data analysis. Progress in the development of domestic AI platforms and tools. The presentations in the section on youth deviance and its prevention were seemed the most practical. Faculty from the Department of Criminal Law and Criminology, cadets from the Ufa Law Institute of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Russia, and the Siberian State Medical University of the Ministry of Health of Russia devoted significant attention to prevention among minors.

Taking into account the reports presented and discussed, the participants of the scientific and practical conference believe it is necessary to take into account the following new realities in the Russian youth movement for the further development and maximum potential of young scientists:

- The increasing complexity of the external environment in which youth policy is implemented. For example, the coronavirus pandemic has disrupted the usual way of life of young people, and then the geopolitical situation has sharply deteriorated, leaving young people under a barrage of information attacks.
- Demographic changes affecting the structure of the youth population. Urbanization, migration, and socioeconomic transformations are creating new challenges and needs.

□ The influence of globalization, which opens up new horizons for young people and requires the development of global thinking and skills. The 21st International Scientific and Practical

Conference "Youth in the Modern World: New Realities and Prospects" with the participation of the Expert Council of the UNEVOC Centre recommends the following perspectives for youth policy in Russia:

1. Transition to a partnership model of interaction between the state and youth.

This entails expanding feedback channels, decentralizing resources, strengthening the role of grassroots youth initiatives, and creating conditions for equal access to opportunities, regardless of territorial affiliation and social status.

2. Involving young people in addressing the technological challenges facing the country and ensuring the technological sovereignty of Russia. For example, creating a network of youth laboratories and design bureaus at Russian universities.

3. Promoting military service and strengthening support for young military personnel, including implementing programs to adapt veterans of the Special Military Operation upon their return to civilian employment, and assisting them with admission to educational institutions.

4. Expanding youth educational tourism practices, developing a system of active nature tourism routes for family and youth recreation based on uniform standards and with unified access to information about them.

5. A significant increase in public and private funding for scientific research is necessary, with an emphasis on supporting young scientists and their projects.

6. Minimizing and simplifying administrative procedures related to receiving and reporting grants.

7. Developing and implementing a remuneration system commensurate with the qualifications and contributions of young scientists, with the aim of retaining them in the country.

8. Investments in upgrading scientific equipment and creating modern research centers and laboratories.

9. Developing clear and understandable career growth mechanisms, providing opportunities for professional development and advancement.
7. Creating conditions for the transfer of scientific research to the real sector of the economy, supporting young people in creating their own innovative companies.
8. Expanding exchange programs, joint research projects, and access to global scientific resources.
9. Actively promoting the scientific achievements of young scientists in society to attract them to science.
10. Публикация сборников научных статей как результат научных исследований по представленной тематике.

December 19, 2025

Conference Organizing Committee